

Kinetic + Potential Energy Practice Key

#15 $E_k = ?$
 $m = 1000 \text{ kg}$
 $v = 20.0 \text{ m/s}$

$$E_k = \frac{mv^2}{2} = \frac{1000^{\text{kg}} \cdot 20.0^2 \text{ m/s}^2}{2}$$

$$= \boxed{200,000 \text{ J kg} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{s}^2}$$

* this is a good check in Physics! Units should work.

#16 $E_k = ?$
 $m = 1000 \text{ kg}$
 $v = 40.0 \text{ m/s}$

$$E_k = \frac{mv^2}{2} = \frac{1000 \text{ kg} \times (40.0 \text{ m/s})^2}{2}$$

$$= \boxed{80000 \text{ J}}$$

* Joule is a compound unit = $\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$

#17 $E_k = 15,000 \text{ J}$
 $m = 50 \text{ kg}$
 $v = ?$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{2E_k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 15000 \text{ J}}{50 \text{ kg}}} = 24.4948 \text{ m/s}$$

$$= \boxed{24 \text{ m/s}}$$

#18 $m = 3.0 \text{ kg}$
 $\Delta h = 0.45 \text{ m}$
 $E_g = ?$
 $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

$$E_g = m \cdot g \cdot \Delta h = 3.0 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 0.45 \text{ m} = 13.23 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

$$= \boxed{13 \text{ J}}$$

#19 $m = 75 \text{ kg}$
 $\Delta h = 300 \text{ m}$
 $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $E_g = ?$

$$E_g = m \cdot g \cdot \Delta h$$

$$= 75 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 300 \text{ m} = 220,500 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

$$= \boxed{220,000 \text{ J}}$$

← 2 sig fig

#20 $E_g = 14000 \text{ J}$
 $m = 40 \text{ kg}$
 $\Delta H = ?$
 $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

$$\Delta H = \frac{E_g}{m \cdot g} = \frac{14000 \text{ J}}{40 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$$= \boxed{36 \text{ m}}$$

#21) $m = 21 \text{ kg}$
 $v = 30 \text{ m/s}$
 $E_k = ?$

$$E_k = \frac{m \cdot v^2}{2} = \frac{21 \text{ kg} \cdot (30 \text{ m/s})^2}{2}$$

$$= \boxed{945 \text{ J}}$$

#22) $\Delta h = 21 \text{ m}$
 $m = 12 \text{ N} = 1.2 \text{ kg}$
 $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $E_g = ?$

1 N = 0.10197 kg
 conversion factor

$$12 \text{ N} \times \frac{0.10197 \text{ kg}}{1 \text{ N}} = 1.2 \text{ kg}$$

$$E_g = m \cdot g \cdot \Delta h$$

$$= 1.2 \text{ kg} \times 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 21 \text{ m}$$

$$= 246.96 \text{ J}$$

$$= \boxed{250 \text{ J}}$$

#23) $v = 40 \text{ m/s}$
 $m = 1120 \text{ kg}$
 $E_k = ?$

$$E_k = \frac{m \cdot v^2}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1120 \text{ kg} \cdot (40 \text{ m/s})^2}{2}$$

$$= \boxed{896000 \text{ J}} \text{ or } \boxed{900,000 \text{ J}}$$

either is fine

#24) $\Delta h = 20 \text{ m}$
 $m = 8.1 \text{ kg}$
 $E_g = ?$
 $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

$$E_g = m \cdot g \cdot \Delta h$$

$$= 8.1 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 20 \text{ m}$$

$$= 1587.6 \text{ J}$$

$$= \boxed{1600 \text{ J}}$$

#25) $\Delta h = 45 \text{ m}$
 $m = 19 \text{ kg}$
 $E_g = ?$
 $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

$$E_g = m \cdot g \cdot \Delta h$$

$$= 19 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 45 \text{ m}$$

$$= 8379 \text{ kg m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

$$= \boxed{8400 \text{ J}}$$

Remember $\text{J} = \text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$
 and sig. fig.

$$26) \Delta h = 72 \text{ m}$$

$$m = 100 \text{ kg}$$

$$E_g = ?$$

$$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$E_g = m \cdot g \cdot \Delta h$$

$$= 100 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 72 \text{ m}$$

$$= 70,560 \text{ J}$$

$$\boxed{= 71,000 \text{ J}}$$

$$\#27) E_k = ?$$

$$m = 3 \text{ kg}$$

$$v = 2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$E_k = \frac{m \cdot v^2}{2}$$

$$= \frac{3 \cdot 2^2}{2} = \boxed{6 \text{ J}}$$

$$\#28) m_1 = 2 \text{ kg}$$

$$v_1 = 2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$m_2 = 4 \text{ kg}$$

$$v_2 = 3 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a) E_k = \frac{m \cdot v^2}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 \cdot 2^2}{2}$$

$$= 4 \text{ J}$$

$$E_k = \frac{m v^2}{2}$$

$$= \frac{4 \cdot 3^2}{2}$$

$$= 18 \text{ J}$$

The 4kg object had more E_k

$$b) \Delta h = 10 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta h = 10 \text{ m}$$

$$E_g = m \cdot g \cdot \Delta h$$

$$= 2 \cdot 9.8 \cdot 10$$

$$196 \text{ J}$$

$$E_g = m \cdot g \cdot \Delta h$$

$$= 4 \cdot 9.8 \cdot 10$$

$$= 392 \text{ J}$$

The 4kg object also has more E_g

Let's Try More

$$1) m = 54 \text{ kg} \text{ } \overset{2 \text{ sig fig}}{}$$

$$\Delta h = 0.42 \text{ km} \leftarrow 0.42 \text{ km} \times \frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ km}} = 420 \text{ m}$$

$$E_g = ?$$

$$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$E_g = m \cdot g \cdot \Delta h = 54 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 420 \text{ m}$$

$$= 222,656 \text{ J} = \boxed{220,000 \text{ J}}$$

2 sig fig

2) $m = 689 \text{ kg}$

$v = 27000 \text{ km/h}$

$E_k = ?$

$\frac{27000 \text{ km}}{\text{hr}} \times \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{3600 \text{ sec}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ km}}$

$v = 7500 \text{ m/s}$

$E_k = \frac{m \cdot v^2}{2}$

$= \frac{689 \text{ kg} \times (7500 \text{ m/s})^2}{2} = 1.9 \times 10^{10} \text{ J}$

$= 19000000000 \text{ J}$

3) $v = 2.8 \text{ m/s}$

$E_k = 25.5 \text{ J}$

$m = ?$

$m = \frac{2E_k}{v^2} = \frac{2 \cdot 25.5 \text{ J}}{(2.8 \text{ m/s})^2} = \boxed{6.5 \text{ kg}}$

but $6.5 \text{ kg} \times \frac{1 \text{ lb}}{0.4536 \text{ kg}} = 14.34 \text{ lb} = \boxed{14 \text{ lb}}$

4) $m = 65 \text{ kg}$

$v = 90 \text{ km/hr}$

$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

$\Delta h =$

$E_k = \frac{m \cdot v^2}{2}$

$= \frac{65 \text{ kg} \times (25 \text{ m/s})^2}{2} = 20,000 \text{ J}$
 $\leftarrow = 20312.5 \text{ J}$

$\rightarrow \frac{90 \text{ km}}{1 \text{ hr}} \times \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{3600 \text{ s}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ km}} = 25 \text{ m/s}$

$E_k = E_g$ * Energy Transforms

~~$E_g = m \cdot g \cdot \Delta h$~~
 ~~$20000 \text{ J} = 65 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot \Delta h$~~

$\Delta h = \frac{E_g}{m \cdot g} = \frac{20000 \text{ J}}{65 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2} = \frac{20,000 \text{ J}}{6.37 \text{ N}} = 3139 \text{ m}$

$= 3000 \text{ m}$ or 3063 m

? when to round!

wait until end! $\boxed{3100 \text{ m}}$